# **Judicial Impact Fiscal Note**

<b>Bill Number:</b> 1472 E 2S HB	Title: Chemical action plans				Agency: 055-Admin Office of the Courts		
Part I: Estimates  No Fiscal Impact  Estimated Cash Receipts to:							
Account		FY 2016	FY 2017	2015-1	7	2017-19	2019-21
Counties		1 1 2010	112017	2010-11		2011-13	2013-21
Cities							
	Total \$						
Estimated Expenditures from:							
No	on-zero but inc	leterminate cost.	. Please see d	iscussion.			
The revenue and expenditure estimate subject to the provisions of RCW 43.		epresent the most li	kely fiscal impa	ect. Responsibility	for expenditt	ıres may l	be
Check applicable boxes and follow  If fiscal impact is greater than	v corresponding		rrent bienniun	a or in subseauer	it biennia. co	omplete e	entire fiscal note
form Parts I-V.	, per m	y 111 WILL VII		2300 <b>0 quo</b> i			
X If fiscal impact is less than \$5	0,000 per fiscal	I year in the curre	nt biennium o	r in subsequent b	iennia, com	plete this	page only (Part I).
Capital budget impact, compl	ete Part IV.						
Legislative Contact Dan Jones				Phone: 360-786	5-7118	Date:	03/16/2015
Agency Preparation: Renee Lewis	3			Phone: 360-704	1-4142	Date:	03/17/2015

Request # E2SHB 1472-1

Date: 03/17/2015

Date:

Phone: 360-357-2406

Phone:

Ramsey Radwan

Agency Approval:

OFM Review:

### **Part II: Narrative Explanation**

#### II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact on the Courts

None of the changes to the engrossed second substitute change the judicial impact.

The second substitute bill adds a section to RCW 70\_\_\_ (the new chapter created in section 17 of this act). The new section (now section 16) would make the act null and void if specific funding for the purposes of this act is not provided by June 30, 2015. This does not change the judicial impact that was prepared for the original bill and the first substitute.

The substitute bill clarifies the requirements for the chemical action plans to require safer chemicals in Washington and does not change the judicial impact that was prepared for the original bill.

There may be judicial impacts resulting from the bill for hearing appeals from the pollution control hearings board, beginning in FY 2019.

A new chapter would be added to RCW 70 creating a new section; prescribing penalties; providing an effective date; and providing an expiration date.

A new section would be added to RCW 39.26 that would establish purchasing and procurement policies that provide a preference for products and products in packaging that do not contain priority Washington chemicals.

RCW 43.21B.110 would be amended to add that decisions regarding a restriction, order, or penalty issued under RCW 70.\_\_\_ (the new chapter created in section 16 of this act) would be heard by the pollution control hearings board. Appeals from the hearings board would be heard in superior court.

#### II. B - Cash Receipts Impact

none

#### II. C - Expenditures

Depending on the complexity of issues raised on appeal, there may be moderate court impacts (\$25,000 to \$100,000) for trials for appeals in Section 9 of the bill.

The Washington State Department of Ecology is estimating that there would be one appeal per year from the process in Section 9 of the bill and one appeal per biennium for fine penalties in Section 10 of the bill.

The department does not expect any appeals prior to FY 2019.

Issues subject to appeal are expected to be complex, highly technical, and require the use of expert witnesses. (Washington DOE). A trial of this nature could take two or more weeks of bench time depending on the complexity of the case. Two weeks of judicial time with supporting staff leads to an expenditure estimate of \$48,000. Each additional week adds to the cost.

Appeals of fines are likely to take less than a day of court time.

## Part III: Expenditure Detail

## Part IV: Capital Budget Impact